

## **5G** Ecosystem and IoT

(on 8th October, 2021)

An event Organized by



At Ganpat University - U.V. Patel College of Engineering On 8<sup>th</sup> October, 2021





## An Event Report on 5G Ecosystem and IoT Organized by IEEE UVPCE SB on 12<sup>th</sup> January, 2021 At Ganpat University – U.V. Patel College of Engineering

**Event Outline:** 

**Event Title:** 5G Ecosystem and IoT **Event co-organizer:** IEEE Gujarat Section

Faculty Event Coordinator: Prof. Ravi Raval, Branch Counsellor, IEEE UVPCE SB

No. of Participants:190No. of Ieee Member:20No. of non-Ieee Member:170

**Event Date:** 8<sup>th</sup> October, 2021 Friday

**Event Level:** Local

**Event Duration:** 01:00 pm to 02:30 PM

**Event Venue:** Ganpat University-U.V. Patel College of Engineering

Mode of Conduction: Web Conferencing (by Zoom) and Offline Ganpat University MBA

Auditorium.

## **Brief about the event:**

5G Ecosystem and IoT program had been organized by IEEE UVPCE SB on 8<sup>th</sup> Oct 2021. The show was announced on 4<sup>th</sup> October and held on 8<sup>th</sup> October in the noon at 01:00 p.m. Total of 190 students have participated in 5G Ecosystem and IoT.

In telecommunications, 5G is the fifth generation technology standard for broadband cellular networks, which cellular phone companies began deploying worldwide in 2019, and is the planned successor to the 4G networks which provide connectivity to most current cell phones. 5G networks are predicted to have more than 1.7 billion subscribers worldwide by 2025, according to the GSM Association. Like its predecessors, 5G networks are cellular networks, in which the service area is divided into small geographical areas called cells. All 5G wireless devices in a cell are connected to the Internet and telephone network by radio waves through a local antenna in the cell. The main advantage of the new networks is that they will have greater bandwidth, giving higher download speeds, eventually up to 10 gigabits per second (Gbit/s). Due to the increased bandwidth, it is expected the networks will increasingly be used as general internet service providers for laptops and desktop computers, competing with existing ISPs such as cable internet, and also will make possible new applications in internet-of-things (IoT) and machine-to-machine areas. 4G cell phones are not able to use the new networks, which require 5G-enabled wireless devices.

At the end of the talk; an open forum for students to ask questions was started. There were plenty of technical and law related questions/queries has been asked by students. The expert has flawlessly answered every doubt the student has raised.





## **Event Flyer and Photographs:**

























